CONDITIONS OF SALE

The Conditions of the present public sale are as follows:

1. The property to be sold is known as 142 Marticville Road, Pequea Township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, as more fully described in Exhibit "A" ("Property").

2. The highest bidder shall be the Purchaser¹ upon the Property being struck off to him; and he shall immediately thereafter sign the Purchaser's Agreement attached to these Conditions of Sale and pay down 10% of the purchase money to the Seller¹ - as security for performance of this Agreement. If any dispute arises among bidders, the Property shall immediately be put up for renewal of bidding. If a real estate agent registers the Purchaser for the sale, the Purchaser shall additionally pay to said broker an Agent Premium equal to 1% of the purchase money. The Seller shall have no obligation to pay any such premium to the Purchaser's agent, irrespective of the Seller's consent to broker participation.

3. The balance of PURCHASE MONEY shall be paid at SETTLEMENT to be held at the office of BRUBAKER CONNAUGHTON GOSS & LUCARELLI LLC, 480 New Holland Avenue, Suite 6205, Lancaster, Pennsylvania 17602, on or before May 10, 2023 ("Closing") (unless some other time or place shall hereafter be agreed upon by the Seller and Purchaser), upon which payment the Seller shall convey to the Purchaser, by Deed prepared at the Purchaser's expense, good and marketable title to the Property, free and clear of all liens and encumbrances not noted in these Conditions, but subject to any existing wall rights, easements, building or use restrictions, zoning or

¹ Both Seller/s and Purchaser/s, whether one or more, are designated throughout these Conditions of Sale in singular masculine form.

land subdivision regulations, subdivision plan notes, encroachments of cornices, trim and spouting over property boundaries, or encroachments of any kind within the legal width of public highways, and subject to the restrictions and conditions ("Restrictions") set forth in Paragraph 6 of these Conditions of Sale.

The Seller represents that there are no pending and unsettled eminent domain proceedings, and no appropriations by the filing of State Highway plans in the Recorder's Office, affecting the Property, of which the Seller has knowledge.

At settlement, the Property and all of its appurtenances and fixtures shall be in substantially the same condition as at present, except for (a) ordinary reasonable wear and tear, (b) damage by fire or storm, (c) damage which occurs after possession has been given to the Purchaser, or (d) any taking by eminent domain.

4. This sale of real estate shall not be contingent upon the Purchaser's ability to obtain financing for the purchase of the Property, nor shall it be contingent upon the sale of any other real estate owned by the Purchaser.

5. The Seller reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Seller reserves the right to withdraw the Property from sale, and/or to adjourn the sale to a future date or dates.

6. The Property shall be sold UNDER AND SUBJECT to the following conditions and restrictions:

a. Subject to building and use restrictions, ordinances, easements of roads, rights of public service companies and easements, rights or other non-monetary encumbrances either of record or visible upon inspection; and

b. Subject to the Seller's Property Disclosure Statement attached hereto as Exhibit "B."

7. Formal tender of deed and purchase money are waived.

8. Fees or charges for acknowledgments to the deed shall be paid by the Seller, and all required state and local realty transfer taxes by the Purchaser. Real estate taxes shall be apportioned to date of settlement or prior delivery of possession on a fiscal year basis. Purchaser shall pay for all charges for preparation of documents, including without limitation, deed, mortgage, and bill of sale for personal property, if any, and all fees incurred at settlement, including attorney's fees, tax certification fees, disbursement fees, recording fees or settlement fees whether purported to be billed against Purchaser or Seller, unless expressly contracted for in writing by Seller.

9. The Seller hereby represents that the Property is served by on-site well and on-site septic.

10. Included in the sale are all buildings, improvements, rights, privileges, and appurtenances; gas, electric heating, plumbing and water plants, fixtures and systems; and any other articles permanently affixed to the Property.

11. The Purchaser further acknowledges that neither the attorney for the Seller, nor the auctioneer, has made any specific representations regarding the condition of the Property, and that the Purchaser has not relied upon any representations or statements of the attorney for the Seller or auctioneer. The Purchaser releases the attorney for the Seller and the auctioneer from any claims, actions or causes of action arising from or due to any defect in the Property existing on the date of this sale.

12. The parties acknowledge that no representation whatsoever is made concerning zoning of the Property, or the uses of the Property that may

be permitted under local ordinances, and that Purchaser has satisfied himself that the zoning of the Property is satisfactory for his contemplated use thereof. The Purchaser hereby waives any applicable requirement for Seller to provide a certification of zoning classification prior to settlement pursuant to Disclosure Act of July 27, 1955, P.L. 288, §3, as amended and reenacted (21 P.S. §613).

13. By execution of the Purchaser's Agreement, the Purchaser acknowledges that he has had a full and complete opportunity to inspect the The Property is being sold unto Purchaser "AS IS", with no Property. representation, guarantee or warranty regarding the condition of the Property or any improvement or structure erected on the Property, if any, including, but not limited to, its structural integrity, roof, appliances, electrical system, heating system, plumbing, water system, sewage disposal system, or any portion Seller has conducted no investigation but does not have actual thereof. knowledge of any underground storage tank(s) on the property other than the septic tank. No representation is made or warranty given regarding the presence or absence of any hazardous or toxic substances, materials or wastes, or that the Property is in compliance with any federal, state or local environmental laws or regulations.

In the event any repair or improvement to or any inspection or testing of the Property is desired by the Purchaser or by any lender proposing to provide Purchaser with financing for the purchase of the Property, the costs of any such repair, improvement, inspection, or testing shall be payable solely by the Purchaser. Seller reserves the right to refuse to permit any such repair, improvement, inspection, or testing or to impose such conditions upon any permitted repair, improvement, inspection, or testing as Seller deems appropriate, including, but not limited to, insurance coverage and

indemnification and hold harmless agreements. The Purchaser's Agreement shall not be conditioned upon any such repair, improvement, inspection, or testing, or upon any specific results obtained from such inspection or testing.

14. Any survey required by Purchaser or Purchaser's title insurer shall be at Purchaser's expense.

15. In case of non-compliance by Purchaser with these Conditions, Seller, in addition to all other remedies provided by law, shall have the option either (a) to retain Purchaser's down money as liquidated damages regardless of whether or not, or on what terms, the Property is resold, or (b) to resell the Property at public or private sale, with or without notice to the present Purchaser and to retain any advance in price, or hold the present Purchaser liable for any loss, resulting from such resale, meanwhile holding the down money paid hereunder as security for or toward payment of any such loss.

16. Every purchaser of any interest in residential real property on which a residential dwelling was built prior to 1978 is notified that such property may present exposure to lead from lead-based paint that may place young children at risk of developing lead poisoning. Lead poisoning in young children may produce permanent neurological damage, including learning disabilities, reduced intelligence quotient, behavioral problems, and impaired memory. Lead poisoning also poses a particular risk to pregnant women. A risk assessment or inspection for possible lead-based paint hazards is recommended prior to purchase.

a. <u>Lead Warning Statement for Dwellings Built Before 1978</u> <u>Disclosure</u>. This dwelling on the Property was built before 1978, and leadbased paint and lead-based paint hazards may be present in the housing. To the best of the Executor's knowledge, there are no reports pertaining to leadbased paint or lead paint hazards.

b. <u>Waiver</u>. By signing the attached Purchaser's Agreement, Purchaser acknowledges receipt of the pamphlet Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home, and that this this sale of real estate shall not be contingent upon any risk assessment or inspection for the presence of lead-based paint and/or lead-based paint hazards on the Property.

17. The Purchaser acknowledges that these Conditions of Sale were available for inspection by the Purchaser prior to the commencement of bidding and sale of the Property, that the Purchaser had an opportunity to review the full Conditions of Sale, and that the Purchaser understands the contents thereof and all terms and conditions under which the Property is being sold, agreeing to be bound by the full terms and conditions as set forth therein. The Purchaser acknowledges that only a summary of the Conditions of Sale was read prior to commencement of bidding on the Property, and that the Purchaser is not relying upon the public reading of the Conditions of Sale as a complete statement of the terms and conditions for sale of the Property.

18. These Conditions of Sale represent the whole agreement between the parties, and any representations concerning the Property, or otherwise, made prior to the execution of the Purchaser's Agreement, are hereby superseded by these Conditions of Sale. No modification of these Conditions of Sale shall be valid unless made in writing, executed with the same degree of formality as these Conditions of Sale and the Purchaser's Agreement attached hereto.

SELLER:

Brenda E. Wilson, Co-Trustee of the Glass Family Trust

Barbara A. Glass, Co-Trustee of the Glass Family Trust

PURCHASER'S AGREEMENT

I/We, _______, agree that I/we have purchased 142 Marticville Road, Pequea Township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania, the Property mentioned in the foregoing Conditions, subject to said Conditions, for the sum of \$______; and if I/we shall acquire possession of the Property before payment of the purchase money and shall fail to make payment when due, I/we authorize the Prothonotary or any attorney to appear for me/us in any court and confess judgment in an amicable action of ejectment against me/us, in favor of the Seller or the latter's assigns, for possession of said Property, and direct the issuing of a writ of possession, with clause or writ of execution for costs, hereby waiving all irregularities, notice, leave of court, present or future exemption laws, and right of appeal.

I/We acknowledge that my/our purchase of the Property is under and subject to the Conditions and Restrictions set forth in Paragraph 6 of the Conditions of Sale and subject to the items noted in the Seller's Property Disclosure Statement.

WITNESS my/our hand/s and seal/s this 26th day of March, 2024.

Signed in the presence of:

Purchaser

Purchaser

EXHIBIT "A"

Description of the Property

ALL THAT CERTAIN piece, parcel or tract of land, together with the improvements thereon erected, situate on the West side of Marticville Road (Pennsylvania Route 332) in Pequea Township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania being known as Lot No. 3, Block A, as shown on a plan of Lynn Dale Park Development, prepared by H.F. Huth Engineers, inc., dated April, 1960, last revised February 17, 1966, (Drawing No. LA-251-1), said lot being more fully bounded and described as follows:

BEGINNING at an iron pin on the West line of Marticville Road, said point being a corner of Lot No.4, block A; thence extending along said Lot No. 4, South 77 degrees 34 minutes West, a distance of 160.00 feet to an iron pin, a corner of Lot No. 9, block A; thence extending along Lot No. 9, Block A, and Lot No. 10, Block A, respectively, North 12 degrees 26 minutes West, a distance of 95.00 feet to an iron pin a corner of Lot No. 2, Block A; thence extending along the same North 77 degrees 34 minutes East, a distance of 160.00 feet to an iron pin a corner of 160.00 feet to an iron pin on the West line of Marticville Road; thence extending along the same South 12 degrees 26 minutes East, a distance of 95.00 feet to an iron pin, the place of BEGINNING.

EXHIBIT "B" Seller's Property Disclosure Statement

SELLER'S PROPERTY DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

This form recommended and approved for, but not restricted to use by, the members of the Pennsylvania Association of REALTORS⁶ (PAR).

PROPERTY 142 Marticville Road, Pequea Township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania 17603

SELLER _____ Brenda E. Wilson and Barbara A. Glass, Co-Trustees of the Glass Family Trust

The Real Estate Seller Disclosure Law (68 P.S. §7301 et seq.) requires that a seller of a property must disclose to a buyer all known material defects about the property being sold that are not readily observable. While the Law requires certain disclosures, this statement includes disclosures beyond the basic requirements of the Law in an effort to assist sellers in complying with seller disclosure requirements and to assist buyers in evaluating the property being considered. Sellers who wish to see or use the basic disclosure form can find the form on the Web site of the Pennsylvania State Real Estate Commission.

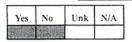
This Statement discloses Seller's knowledge of the condition of the property as of the date signed by Seller and **is not a substitute for any inspections or warranties** that Buyer may wish to obtain. This Statement is not a warranty of any kind by Seller or a warranty or representation by any listing real estate broker, any selling real estate broker, or their licensees. Buyer is encouraged to address concerns about the conditions of the property that may not be included in this Statement. This Statement does not relieve Seller of the obligation to disclose a material defect that may not be addressed on this form. **Any non-exempt seller is obligated to complete the disclosure form even if the seller does not occupy or has never occupied the property.** For a list of exempt sellers, see Information Regarding the Real Estate Seller's Property Disclosure Law found on the last page of this document.

A Material Defect is a problem with a residential real property or any portion of it that would have a significant adverse impact on the value of the property or that involves an unreasonable risk to people on the property. The fact that a structural element, system or subsystem is at or beyond the end of the normal useful life of such a structural element, system or subsystem is not by itself a material defect.

Check yes, no, unknown (unk) or not applicable (N/A) for each question. Be sure to check N/A when a question does not apply to the property. Check unknown when the question does apply to the property but you are not sure of the answer.

						1	SELLER'S EXPERTISE
		Yes	No	Unk	N/A	1.	(A) Does Seller possess expertise in contracting, engineering, architecture, environmental assessment
							or other areas related to the construction and conditions of the property and its improvements?
			T		10115116		(B) Is Seller the landlord for the property?
	ź			all the state			(C) Is Seller a real estate licensee?
					and the second	F	olain any "yes" answers in section 1:
1							OWNERSHIP/OCCUPANCY
		1	No	Unk	N/A	2.	(A) Occupancy
1)	Yes	ING	Unk	N/A		1. When was the property most recently occupied?
				2020000			2. Was the Seller the most recent occupant? If "no," when did the Seller most recently occupy
		8					the property?
1		T RANK!					3. How many persons most recently occupied the property?
		and the second					(B) Role of Individual Completing This Disclosure. Is the individual completing this form:
-)						1. The owner
							2. The executor
				調整			3. The administrator
							4. The trustee
							5. An individual holding power of attorney
	0		el Stello	1.1.1			(C) When was the property purchased?(D) Are you aware of any pets having lived in the house or other structures during your ownership?
							(D) Are you aware of any pets having lived in the house or other structures during your ownership?
						Exp	plain section 2 (if needed):
			-	-	1	3.	CONDOMINIUMS/PLANNED COMMUNITIES/OTHER HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATIONS
		Yes	No	Unk	N/A		(A) Type. Is the Property part of a(n):
					11日1日		1. Condominium
				Streek			2. Homeowners association or planned community
11							3. Cooperative
2					1四急		4. Other type of association or community
1-	1		Charles (4. Other type of association or community
11					山田之		(C) If "yes," are there any community services or systems that the association or community is
			1				responsible for supporting or maintaining? Explain:
1							
l						_	

]



(D) How much is the capital contribution/initiation fee? \$_

Notice to Buyer: A buyer of a resale unit in a condominium. cooperative, or planned community must receive a copy of the declaration (other than the plats and plans), the by-laws, the rules or regulations, and a certificate of resale issued by the association in the condominium, cooperative, or planned community. Buyers may be responsible for capital contributions, initiation fees or similar one-time fees in addition to regular monthly maintenance fees. The buyer will have the option of canceling the agreement with the return of all deposit monies until the certificate has been provided to the buyer and for five days thereafter or until conveyance, whichever occurs first.

ROOF

- (A) Installation
 - 1. When was the roof installed?
 - 2. Do you have documentation (invoice, work order, warranty, etc.)?
- (B) Repair
 - 1. Has the roof or any portion of it been replaced or repaired during your ownership?
 - 2. If it has been replaced or repaired, was the existing roofing material removed?
- (C) Issues
 - 1. Has the roof ever leaked during your ownership?
- 2 Are you aware of any current/past problems with the roof, gutters, flashing or downspouts? Explain any "yes" answers in section 4, including the location and extent of any problem(s) and any

repair or remediation efforts:

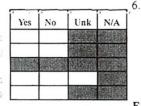
5. BASEMENTS AND CRAWL SPACES

- (A) Sump Pump
 - 1. Does the property have a sump pit? If yes, how many?
 - 2. Does the property have a sump pump? If yes, how many?
 - 3. If it has a sump pump, has it ever run?
 - 4. If it has a sump pump, is the sump pump in working order?

(B) Water Infiltration

- 1. Are you aware of any water leakage, accumulation, or dampness within the basement or crawl space?
- 2. Do you know of any repairs or other attempts to control any water or dampness problem in the basement or crawl space?
- 3. Are the downspouts or gutters connected to a public system?

Explain any "yes" answers in this section, including the location and extent of any problem(s) and any repair or remediation efforts:



TERMITES/WOOD-DESTROYING INSECTS, DRYROT, PESTS

- (A) Status

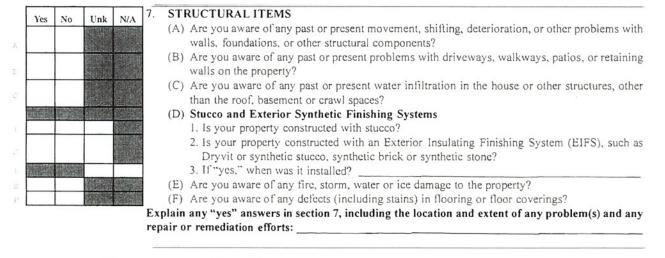
 Are you aware of any termites/wood-destroying insects, dryrot, or pests affecting the property?
 Are you aware of any damage caused by termites/wood-destroying insects, dryrot, or pests?
- (B) Treatment

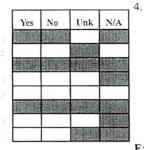
Seller's Initials BG / Date 3/15/24 SPD Page 2 of 9

- 1. Is your property currently under contract by a licensed pest control company?
- 2. Are you aware of any termite/pest control reports or treatments for the property?

Explain any "yes" answers in section 6, including the name of any service/treatment provider, if applicable:

Buyer's Initials / Date____





Unk

N/A

Yes No



Yes	No	Unk	N/A	8
		Store State		
			and the second	
			HT	

ADDITIONS/ALTERATIONS

- (A) Have any additions, structural changes, or other alterations been made to the property during your ownership? Itemize and date all additions/alterations below.
- (B) Are you aware of any private or public architectural review control of the property other than zoning codes?

Note to Buyer: The PA Construction Code Act, 35 P.S. §7210.101 et seq. (effective 2004), and local codes establish standards for building and altering properties. Buyers should check with the municipality to determine if permits and/or approvals were necessary for disclosed work and if so, whether they were obtained. Where required permits were not obtained, the municipality might require the current owner to upgrade or remove changes made by prior owners. Buyers can have the property inspected by an expert in codes compliance to determine if issues exist. Expanded title insurance policies may be available for Buyers to cover the risk of work done to the property by previous owners without a permit or approval.

Addition, structural change, or alteration	Approximate date of work	Were permits obtained? (Yes/No/Unknown)	Final inspections/ approvals obtained? (Yes/No/Unknown)

□ A sheet describing other additions and alterations is attached.

9. Yes Unk No N/A

WATER SUPPLY

- (A) Source. Is the source of your drinking water (check all that apply):
 - 1. Public
 - 2. A well on the property
 - 3. Community water
 - 4. A holding tank
 - 5. A cistern
 - 6. A spring
 - 7. Other
 - 8. No water service (explain):
- (B) Bypass Valve (for properties with multiple sources of water)
 - 1. Does your water source have a bypass valve?
 - 2. If "yes," is the bypass valve working?
- (C) Well
 - 1. Has your well ever run dry?
 - 2. Depth of Well
 - 3. Gallons per minute____, measured on (date) _____
 - 4. Is there a well used for something other than the primary source of drinking water?
 - 5. If there is an unused well, is it capped?
- (D) Pumping and Treatment
 - 1. If your drinking water source is not public, is the pumping system in working order? If "no," explain:
 - 2. Do you have a softener, filter, or other treatment system?
- 3. Is the softener, filter, or other treatment system leased? From whom? (E) General
 - 1. When was your water last tested? Test results:
 - 2. Is the water system shared? With whom?

PROPERTY 142 Marticville Road, Pequea Township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania 17603 (F) Issues Unk N/A Yes No 1. Are you aware of any leaks or other problems, past or present, relating to the water supply, pumping system, and related items? 2. Have you ever had a problem with your water supply? Explain any "yes" answers in section 9, including the location and extent of any problem(s) and any repair or remediation efforts: 10. SEWAGE SYSTEM N/A Yes No Unk (A) General 1. Is your property served by a sewage system (public, private or community)? 2. If no, is it due to availability or permit limitations? 3. When was the sewage system installed (or date of connection, if public)? (B) Type Is your property served by: 1. Public (if "yes," continue to E, F and G below) 2. Community (non-public) 3. An individual on-lot sewage disposal system 4. Other, explain: (C) Individual On-lot Sewage Disposal System. Is your sewage system (check all that apply): 1. Within 100 feet of a well 2. Subject to a ten-acre permit exemption 3. A holding tank 4. A drainfield 5. Supported by a backup or alternate drainfield, sandmound, etc. 6. A cesspool 7. Shared 8. Other, explain: (D) Tanks and Service 1. Are there any metal/steel septic tanks on the Property? 2. Are there any cement/concrete septic tanks on the Property? 3. Are there any fiberglass septic tanks on the Property? 4. Are there any other types of septic tanks on the Property? 5. Where are the septic tanks located? 6. How often is the on-lot sewage disposal system serviced? 7. When was the on-lot sewage disposal system last serviced? (E) Abandoned Individual On-lot Sewage Disposal Systems and Septic 1. Are you aware of any abandoned septic systems or cesspools on your property?

- 2. Have these systems or cesspools been closed in accordance with the municipality's ordinance?
- (F) Sewage Pumps
 - 1. Are there any sewage pumps located on the property?
 - 2. What type(s) of pump(s)?_
 - 3. Are pump(s) in working order?
 - 4. Who is responsible for maintenance of sewage pumps?_
- (G) Issues
 - 1. Is any waste water piping not connected to the septic/sewer system?
 - 2. Are you aware of any past or present leaks, backups, or other problems relating to the sewage system and related items?

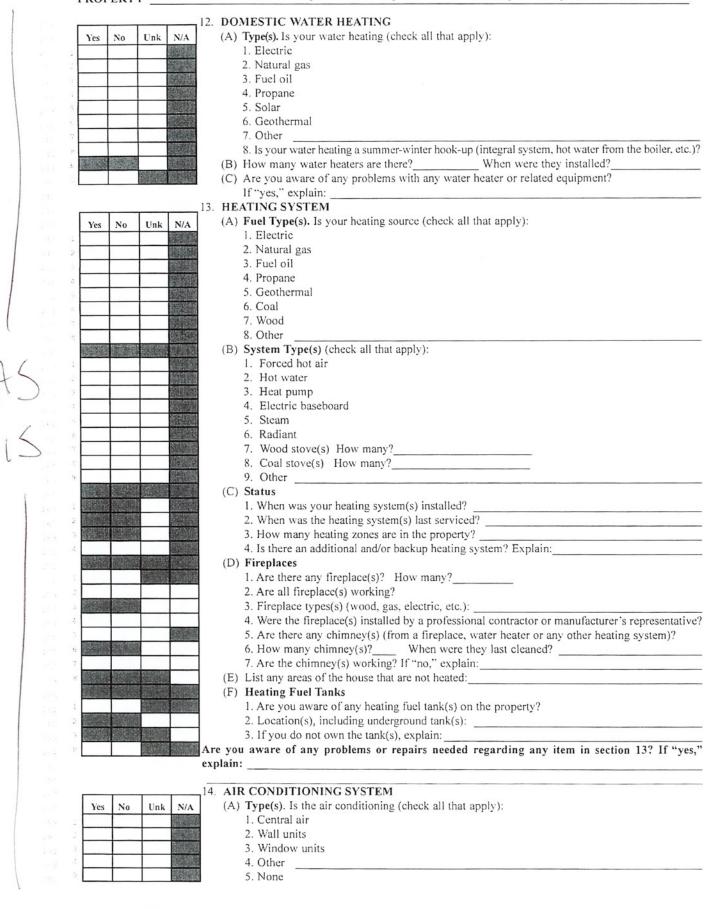
Explain any "yes" answers in section 10, including the location and extent of any problem(s) and any repair or remediation efforts:

1.	PLUMBING	SYSTEM

(A) Material(s). Are the plumbing materials (check all that apply):

Seller's Initials BG/ Date 3/15/24 SPD Page 4 of 9 Buyer's Initials ____ Date___

- 1. Copper
- 2. Galvanized
- 3. Lead
- 4. PVC
- 5. Polybutylene pipe (PB)
- 6. Cross-linked polyethyline (PEX)
- 7. Other
- (B) Are you aware of any problems with any of your plumbing fixtures (e.g., including but not limited to: kitchen, laundry, or bathroom fixtures; wet bars; exterior faucets; etc.)? If "yes," explain:



Seller's Initials Date 3/15/24 SPD Page 5 of 9 Buyer's Initials _____ Date____

(B) Status

- 1. When was the central air conditioning system installed? _
- 2. When was the central air conditioning system last serviced?
- How many air conditioning zones are in the property?
- (C) List any areas of the house that are not air conditioned: ______

e you aware of any problems with any item in section 14? If "yes," explain:

15. 1				
(N/A	Unk	No	Yes
				RONIACION)
				に言語思
Are				

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

(A) Type(s)

- 1. Does the electrical system have fuses?
- 2. Does the electrical system have circuit breakers?
- (B) What is the system amperage?
- (C) Are you aware of any knob and tube wiring in the home?

you aware of any problems or repairs needed in the electrical system? If "yes," explain:

16. OTHER EQUIPMENT AND APPLIANCES

This section must be completed for each item that will, or may, be sold with the property. The fact that an item is listed does not mean it is included in the Agreement of Sale. Terms of the Agreement of Sale negotiated between Buyer and Seller will determine which items, if any, are included in the purchase of the Property.

Item	Yes	No		Item	Yes	No
Electric garage door opener				Trash compactor		
Garage transmitters				Garbage disposal		
Keyless entry			の世界で	Stand-alone freezer		
Smoke detectors				Washer		
Carbon monoxide detectors			》。新闻	Dryer		
Security alarm system				Intercom		
Interior fire sprinklers			TAL STOR	Ceiling fans		
In-ground lawn sprinklers				A/C window units		
Sprinkler automatic timer			冷带走 沿远海外	Awnings		
Swimming pool				Attic fan(s)		
Hot tub/spa				Satellite dish		
Deck(s)			1998	Storage shed		
Pool/spa heater				Electric animal fence		
Pool/spa cover				Other:		
Whirlpool/tub			「日本」の	1.		
Pool/spa accessories				2.		
Refrigerator(s)				3.		
Range/oven				4.		
Microwave oven				5.		
Dishwasher				6.		



Unk N/A

Are you aware of any problems or repairs needed regarding any item in section 16? If "yes," explain:

17. LAND/SOILS

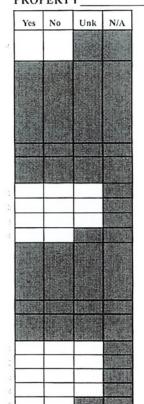
(A) Property

- 1. Are you aware of any fill or expansive soil on the property?
- 2. Are you aware of any sliding, settling, earth movement, upheaval, subsidence, sinkholes or earth stability problems that have occurred on or affect the property?
- 3. Are you aware of sewage sludge (other than commercially available fertilizer products) being spread on the property, or have you received written notice of sewage sludge being spread on an adjacent property?

Seller's Initials BG / Date 3/15/24 SPD Page 6 of 9 Buyer's Initials _____ Date____

No Yes

Yes No



4. Are you aware of any existing, past or proposed mining, strip-mining, or any other excavations that might affect this property?

Note to Buyer: The property may be subject to mine subsidence damage. Maps of the counties and mines where mine subsidence damage may occur and mine subsidence insurance are available through: Department of Environmental Protection, Mine Subsidence Insurance Fund, 25 Technology Drive. California Technology Park, Coal Center, PA 15423 (800) 922-1678 (within Pennsylvania) or (724) 769-1100 (outside Pennsylvania).

(B) Preferential Assessment and Development Rights

- Is the property, or a portion of it, preferentially assessed for tax purposes, or subject to limited development rights under the:
 - 1. Farmland and Forest Land Assessment Act 72 P.S.§5490.1 et seq. (Clean and Green Program)
 - 2. Open Space Act 16 P.S. §11941 et seq
 - 3. Agricultural Area Security Law 3 P.S. §901 et seq. (Development Rights)
 - 4. Any other law/program:

Note to Buyer: Pennsylvania has enacted the Right to Farm Act (3 P.S. § 951-957) in an effort to limit the circumstances under which agricultural operations may be subject to nuisance suits or ordinances. Buyers are encouraged to investigate whether any agricultural operations covered by the Act operate in the vicinity of the property.

(C) Property Rights

Are you aware of the transfer, sale and/or lease of any of the following property rights (by you or a previous owner of the property):

- 1. Timber
- 2. Coal
- 3. Oil
- 4. Natural gas
- 5. Other minerals or rights (such as farming rights, hunting rights, quarrying rights) Explain:

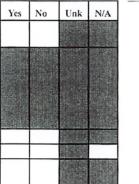
Note to Buyer: Before entering into an agreement of sale, Buyer can investigate the status of these rights by, among other means, engaging legal counsel, obtaining a title examination of unlimited years and searching the official records in the county Office of the Recorder of Deeds. and elsewhere. Buyer is also advised to investigate the terms of any existing leases, as Buyer may be subject to terms of those leases.

Explain any "yes" answers in section 17: _

18. FLOODING, DRAINAGE AND BOUNDARIES

N/A Yes No Unk

(A) Flooding/Drainage



(B) Boundaries

1. Are you aware of any encroachments, boundary line disputes, or easements affecting the property?

3. Are you aware of any past or present drainage or flooding problems affecting the property?

Note to Buyer: Most properties have easements running across them for utility services and other reasons. In many cases, the easements do not restrict the ordinary use of the property, and Seller may not be readily aware of them. Buyers may wish to determine the existence of easements and restrictions by examining the property and ordering an Abstract of Title or searching the records in the Office of the Recorder of Deeds for the county before entering into an agreement of sale.

2. Do you access the property from a private road or lane?

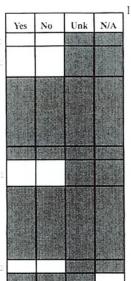
1. Is any part of this property located in a wetlands area? 2. Is any part of this property located in a a FEMA flood zone?

3. If "yes," do you have a recorded right of way or maintenance agreement?

4. Are you aware of any drainage or flooding mitigation on the property? Explain any "yes" answers in section 18(A), including dates and extent of flooding:

4. Are you aware of any shared or common areas (driveways, bridges, docks, walls, etc.) or maintenance agreements?

Explain any "yes" answers in section 18(B):



Yes No Unk

N/A

19. HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES (A) Mold and Indoor Air Quality (other than radon)

- 1. Are you aware of any tests for mold, fungi, or indoor air quality in the property?
- 2. Other than general household cleaning, have you taken any efforts to control or remediate mold or mold-like substances in the property?

Note to Buyer: Individuals may be affected differently, or not at all, by mold contamination. If mold contamination or indoor air quality is a concern, buyers are encouraged to engage the services of a qualified professional to do testing. Information on this issue is available from the United States Environmental Protection Agency and may be obtained by contacting IAQ INFO. P.O. Box 37133, Washington, D.C. 20013-7133, 1-800-438-4318.

(B) Radon

1. Are you aware of any tests for radon gas that have been performed in any buildings on the property? If "yes," list date, type, and results of all tests below:

	First Test	Second Test	
Date			
Type of Test			
Results (picocuries/liter)			_
Name of Testing Service			
	1	.0	

2. Are you aware of any radon removal system on the property?

If "yes," list date installed and type of system, and whether it is in working order below:

Working? Type of System Provider Date Installed

(C) Lead Paint

- If property was constructed, or if construction began, before 1978, you must disclose any knowledge of, and records and reports about, lead-based paint on the property.
 - 1. Are you aware of any lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards on the property?
 - 2. Are you aware of any reports or records regarding lead-based paint or lead-based paint haz-
- ards on the property?

(D) Tanks

- 1. Are you aware of any existing or removed underground tanks? Size:
- 2. If "yes," have any tanks been removed during your ownership?
- (E) Dumping. Are you aware of any dumping on the property?

(F) Other

- 1. Are you aware of any existing hazardous substances on the property (structure or soil) such as, but not limited to, asbestos or polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)?
- 2. Have you received written notice regarding the presence of an environmental hazard or biohazard on your property or any adjacent property?
- 3. Are you aware of testing on the property for any other hazardous substances or environmental concerns?
- 4. Are you aware of any other hazardous substances or environmental concerns that might impact upon the property?

Explain any "yes" answers in section 19:

Unk N/A

20. MISCELLANEOUS

(A) Deeds, Restrictions and Title

- 1. Are you aware of any deed restrictions that apply to the property?
- 2. Are you aware of any historic preservation restriction or ordinance or archeological designation associated with the property?
- 3. Are you aware of any reason, including a defect in title, that would prevent you from giving a warranty deed or conveying title to the property?
- 4. Are you aware of any insurance claims filed relating to the property?

(B) Financial

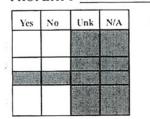
- 1. Are you aware of any public improvement, condominium or homeowner association assessments against the property that remain unpaid or of any violations of zoning, housing, building, safety or fire ordinances or other use restriction ordinances that remain uncorrected?
- 2. Are you aware of any mortgage, judgment, encumbrance, lien, overdue payment on a support obligation, or other debt against this property or Seller that cannot be satisfied by the proceeds of this sale?

Seller's Initials BG / ____ Date 3/15/24 SPD Page 8 of 9 Buyer's Initials ____/ Date____

Yes

No

D	Page	8 of 9	Buyer's	Initials



(C) Legal

- 1. Are you aware of any violations of federal, state, or local laws or regulations relating to this property?
- 2. Are you aware of any existing or threatened legal action affecting the property?
- (D) Additional Material Defects
 - 1. Are you aware of any material defects to the property, dwelling, or fixtures which are not disclosed elsewhere on this form?

Note to Buyer: A material defect is a problem with a residential real property or any portion of it that would have a significant adverse impact on the value of the property or that involves an unreasonable risk to people on the property. The fact that a structural element, system or subsystem is at or beyond the end of the normal useful life of such a structural element, system or subsystem is not by itself a material defect.

2. After completing this form, if Seller becomes aware of additional information about the property, including through inspection reports from a buyer, the Seller must update the Seller's Property Disclosure Statement and/or attach the inspection(s). These inspection reports are for informational purposes only.

Explain any "yes" answers in section 20: ____

21. ATTACHMENTS

BUYER

(A) The following are part of this Disclosure if checked:

- □ Seller's Property Disclosure Statement Addendum (PAR Form SDA)

The undersigned Seller represents that the information set forth in this disclosure statement is accurate and complete to the best of Seller's knowledge. Seller hereby authorizes the Listing Broker to provide this information to prospective buyers of the property and to other real estate licensees. SELLER ALONE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY OF THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS STATEMENT. Seller shall cause Buyer to be notified in writing of any information supplied on this form which is rendered inaccurate by a change in the condition of the property following completion of this form.

SELLER	DATE
SELLER	DATE
SELLER	DATE

INFORMATION REGARDING THE REAL ESTATE SELLER DISCLOSURE LAW

EXECUTOR, ADMINISTRATOR, TRUSTEE SIGNATURE BLOCK According to the provisions of the Real Estate Seller Disclosure Law, the undersigned executor, administrator or trustee is not required to fill out a Seller's Property Disclosure Statement. The executor, administrator or trustee, must, however, disclose any known material defect(s) of the property Machan Allows DATE <u>J/15/24</u> RECEIPT AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT BY BUYER The undersigned Buyer acknowledges receipt of this Disclosure Statement. Buyer acknowledges that this Statement is not a warranty and that, unless stated otherwise in the sales contract, Buyer is purchasing this property in its present condition. It is Buyer's responsibility to satisfy himself or herself as to the condition of the property. Buyer may request that the property be inspected, at Buyer's expense and by qualified professionals, to determine the condition of the structure or its components. BUYER DATE BUYER DATE

DATE

BUYER

DATE

)	PROPERTY 142 Marticvill	e Road, Pequea Township, Lancaster County, Pennsylvania 17603
5		 Legal 1. Are you aware of any violations of federal, state, or local laws or regulations relating to this property? 2. Are you aware of any existing or threatened legal action affect ng the property? Additional Material Defects 1. Are you aware of any material defects to the property, dwelling, or fixtures which are not disclosed elsewhere on this form? Note to Buyer: A material defect is a problem with a residential real property or any portion of it that would have a significant adverse impact on the value of the property or that involves an unreasonable risk to people on the property. The fact that a structural element, system or subsystem is not by itself a material defect. 2. After completing this form, if Seller becomes aware of aciditional information about the property. Disclosure Statement and/or attach the inspection(s). These inspection reports are for informational purposes only.
	Explain any "yes" answer	in section 20:
\leq		
	Seller's Property Di Seller's Property Di The undersigned Seller represents best of Seller's knowledge. Seller the property and to other real es INFORMATION CONTAINED 13 tion supplied on this form which is this form. SELLER SELLER SELLER SELLER	f this Disclosure if checked: selosure Statement Addendum (PAR Form SDA) that the information set forth in this disclosure statement is accurate and complete to the nereby authorizes the Listing Broker to provide this information to prospective buyers of ate licensees. SELLER ALONE IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCURACY OF THE & THIS STATEMENT. Seller shall cause Buyer to be notified in writing of any informa- rendered inaccurate by a change in the condition of the property following completion of DATE DATE DATE
	- 200 - 20 - Salaberta - Daharan Baraka	REGARDING THE REAL ESTATE SELLER DISCLOSURE LAW
ر	According to the provisions of the F	UTOR, ADMINISTRATOR, TRUSTEE SIGNATURE BLOCK eal Estate Seller Disclosure Law, the undersigned executor, administrator or trustee is not required sure Statement. The executor, administrator or trustee, must, however, disclose any known mate- $DATE \frac{9 \cdot 14 - 2024}{2024}$
1		RECEIPT AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT BY BUYER
	warranty and that, unless stated is Buyer's responsibility to satisf	RECEIPT AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT BY BUYER edges receipt of this Disclosure Statement. Buyer acknowledges that this Statement is not a otherwise in the sales contract, Buyer is purchasing this property in its present condition. It himself or herself as to the condition of the property. Buyer may request that the property and by qualified professionals, to determine the condition of the structure or its components.
	BUYER	DATE
	BUYER	DATE

Generally speaking, the Real Estate Seller Disclosure Law requires that before an agreement of sale is signed, the seller in a residential real estate transfer must make certain disclosures regarding the property to potential buyers in a form defined by the law. A residential real estate transfer is defined as a sale, exchange, installment sales contract, lease with an option to buy, grant or other transfer of an interest in real property where NOT LESS THAN ONE AND NOT MORE THAN FOUR RESIDENTIAL DWELLING UNITS are involved. The Law defines a number of exceptions where the disclosures do not have to be made:

- 1. Transfers that are the result of a court order.
- 2. Transfers to a mortgage lender that result from a buyer's default and subsequent foreclosure sales that result from default.
- 3. Transfers from a co-owner to one or more other co-owners.
- 4. Transfers made to a spouse or direct descendant.
- 5. Transfers between spouses that result from divorce, legal separation, or property settlement.
- 6. Transfers by a corporation, partnership or other association to its shareholders, partners or other equity owners as part of a plan of liquidation.
- 7. Transfer of a property to be demolished or converted to non-residential use.
- 8. Transfer of unimproved real property.
- 9. Transfers by a fiduciary during the administration of a decedent estate, guardianship, conservatorship or trust.
- 10. Transfers of new construction that has never been occupied when:
 - a. The buyer has received a one-year warranty covering the construction;
 - b. The building has been inspected for compliance with the applicable building code or, if none, a nationally recognized model building code; and
 - c. A certificate of occupancy or a certificate of code compliance has been issued for the dwelling.

In addition to these exceptions, disclosures for condominiums and cooperatives are limited to the seller's particular unit(s). Disclosures regarding common areas or facilities are not required, as those elements are already addressed in the laws that govern the resale of condominium and cooperative interests.

Seller's Initials B (Date 7/15/24 SPD Notices 1 of 1 Buyer's Initials _____ Date_

<u>RECEIPT</u>

Received of Purchaser on above date, as down money on account of the

above purchase price, the sum of \$_____.

Brubaker Connaughton Goss & Lucarelli LLC, on behalf of Seller

By:_____ Jeffrey C. Goss, Esquire 480 New Holland Avenue, Suite 6205 Lancaster, PA 17602 (717) 945-5745





Protect Your Family From Lead in Your Home





United States Environmental Protection Agency



United States Consumer Product Safety Commission



United States Department of Housing and Urban Development

Are You Planning to Buy or Rent a Home Built Before 1978?

Did you know that many homes built before 1978 have **lead-based paint**? Lead from paint, chips, and dust can pose serious health hazards.

Read this entire brochure to learn:

- How lead gets into the body
- How lead affects health
- What you can do to protect your family
- Where to go for more information

Before renting or buying a pre-1978 home or apartment, federal law requires:

- Sellers must disclose known information on lead-based paint or leadbased paint hazards before selling a house.
- Real estate sales contracts must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint. Buyers have up to 10 days to check for lead.
- Landlords must disclose known information on lead-based paint or lead-based paint hazards before leases take effect. Leases must include a specific warning statement about lead-based paint.

If undertaking renovations, repairs, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or apartment:

• Read EPA's pamphlet, *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*, to learn about the lead-safe work practices that contractors are required to follow when working in your home (see page 12).



Simple Steps to Protect Your Family from Lead Hazards

If you think your home has lead-based paint:

- Don't try to remove lead-based paint yourself.
- Always keep painted surfaces in good condition to minimize deterioration.
- Get your home checked for lead hazards. Find a certified inspector or risk assessor at epa.gov/lead.
- Talk to your landlord about fixing surfaces with peeling or chipping paint.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, and other surfaces.
- Take precautions to avoid exposure to lead dust when remodeling.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or stateapproved Lead-Safe certified renovation firms.
- Before buying, renting, or renovating your home, have it checked for lead-based paint.
- Consult your health care provider about testing your children for lead. Your pediatrician can check for lead with a simple blood test.
- Wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers, and toys often.
- Make sure children eat healthy, low-fat foods high in iron, calcium, and vitamin C.
- Remove shoes or wipe soil off shoes before entering your house.

Lead Gets into the Body in Many Ways

Adults and children can get lead into their bodies if they:

- Breathe in lead dust (especially during activities such as renovations, repairs, or painting that disturb painted surfaces).
- Swallow lead dust that has settled on food, food preparation surfaces, and other places.
- Eat paint chips or soil that contains lead.

Lead is especially dangerous to children under the age of 6.

- At this age, children's brains and nervous systems are more sensitive to the damaging effects of lead.
- Children's growing bodies absorb more lead.
- Babies and young children often put their hands and other objects in their mouths. These objects can have lead dust on them.



Women of childbearing age should know that lead is dangerous to a developing fetus.

• Women with a high lead level in their system before or during pregnancy risk exposing the fetus to lead through the placenta during fetal development.

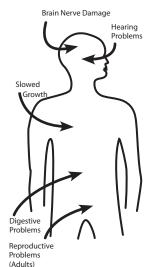
Health Effects of Lead

Lead affects the body in many ways. It is important to know that even exposure to low levels of lead can severely harm children.

In children, exposure to lead can cause:

- Nervous system and kidney damage
- Learning disabilities, attention-deficit disorder, and decreased intelligence
- Speech, language, and behavior problems
- Poor muscle coordination
- Decreased muscle and bone growth
- Hearing damage

While low-lead exposure is most common, exposure to high amounts of lead can have devastating effects on children, including



seizures, unconsciousness, and in some cases, death.

Although children are especially susceptible to lead exposure, lead can be dangerous for adults, too.

In adults, exposure to lead can cause:

- Harm to a developing fetus
- Increased chance of high blood pressure during pregnancy
- Fertility problems (in men and women)
- High blood pressure
- Digestive problems
- Nerve disorders
- Memory and concentration problems
- Muscle and joint pain

Check Your Family for Lead

Get your children and home tested if you think your home has lead.

Children's blood lead levels tend to increase rapidly from 6 to 12 months of age, and tend to peak at 18 to 24 months of age.

Consult your doctor for advice on testing your children. A simple blood test can detect lead. Blood lead tests are usually recommended for:

- Children at ages 1 and 2
- Children or other family members who have been exposed to high levels of lead
- Children who should be tested under your state or local health screening plan

Your doctor can explain what the test results mean and if more testing will be needed.

Where Lead-Based Paint Is Found

In general, the older your home or childcare facility, the more likely it has lead-based paint.¹

Many homes, including private, federally-assisted, federallyowned housing, and childcare facilities built before 1978 have lead-based paint. In 1978, the federal government banned consumer uses of lead-containing paint.²

Learn how to determine if paint is lead-based paint on page 7.

Lead can be found:

- In homes and childcare facilities in the city, country, or suburbs,
- In private and public single-family homes and apartments,
- On surfaces inside and outside of the house, and
- In soil around a home. (Soil can pick up lead from exterior paint or other sources, such as past use of leaded gas in cars.)

Learn more about where lead is found at epa.gov/lead.

¹ "Lead-based paint" is currently defined by the federal government as paint with lead levels greater than or equal to 1.0 milligram per square centimeter (mg/cm²), or more than 0.5% by weight.

² "Lead-containing paint" is currently defined by the federal government as lead in new dried paint in excess of 90 parts per million (ppm) by weight.

Identifying Lead-Based Paint and Lead-Based Paint Hazards

Deteriorated lead-based paint (peeling, chipping, chalking, cracking, or damaged paint) is a hazard and needs immediate attention. Lead-based paint may also be a hazard when found on surfaces that children can chew or that get a lot of wear and tear, such as:

- · On windows and window sills
- Doors and door frames
- Stairs, railings, banisters, and porches

Lead-based paint is usually not a hazard if it is in good condition and if it is not on an impact or friction surface like a window.

Lead dust can form when lead-based paint is scraped, sanded, or heated. Lead dust also forms when painted surfaces containing lead bump or rub together. Lead paint chips and dust can get on surfaces and objects that people touch. Settled lead dust can reenter the air when the home is vacuumed or swept, or when people walk through it. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in dust as hazardous:

- 10 micrograms per square foot (µg/ft²) and higher for floors, including carpeted floors
- 100 $\mu g/ft^2$ and higher for interior window sills

Lead in soil can be a hazard when children play in bare soil or when people bring soil into the house on their shoes. EPA currently defines the following levels of lead in soil as hazardous:

- 400 parts per million (ppm) and higher in play areas of bare soil
- 1,200 ppm (average) and higher in bare soil in the remainder of the yard

Remember, lead from paint chips—which you can see—and lead dust—which you may not be able to see—both can be hazards.

The only way to find out if paint, dust, or soil lead hazards exist is to test for them. The next page describes how to do this.

Checking Your Home for Lead

You can get your home tested for lead in several different ways:

- A lead-based paint **inspection** tells you if your home has leadbased paint and where it is located. It won't tell you whether your home currently has lead hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a lead-based paint inspector, will conduct a paint inspection using methods, such as:
 - Portable x-ray fluorescence (XRF) machine
 - · Lab tests of paint samples
- A risk assessment tells you if your home currently has any lead hazards from lead in paint, dust, or soil. It also tells you what actions to take to address any hazards. A trained and certified testing professional, called a risk assessor, will:



- Sample paint that is deteriorated on doors, windows, floors, stairs, and walls
- Sample dust near painted surfaces and sample bare soil in the yard
- · Get lab tests of paint, dust, and soil samples
- A combination inspection and risk assessment tells you if your home has any lead-based paint and if your home has any lead hazards, and where both are located.

Be sure to read the report provided to you after your inspection or risk assessment is completed, and ask questions about anything you do not understand.

Checking Your Home for Lead, continued

In preparing for renovation, repair, or painting work in a pre-1978 home, Lead-Safe Certified renovators (see page 12) may:

- Take paint chip samples to determine if lead-based paint is present in the area planned for renovation and send them to an EPA-recognized lead lab for analysis. In housing receiving federal assistance, the person collecting these samples must be a certified lead-based paint inspector or risk assessor
- Use EPA-recognized tests kits to determine if lead-based paint is absent (but not in housing receiving federal assistance)
- Presume that lead-based paint is present and use lead-safe work practices

There are state and federal programs in place to ensure that testing is done safely, reliably, and effectively. Contact your state or local agency for more information, visit epa.gov/lead, or call **1-800-424-LEAD** (5323) for a list of contacts in your area.³

³ Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access this number through TTY by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

What You Can Do Now to Protect Your Family

If you suspect that your house has lead-based paint hazards, you can take some immediate steps to reduce your family's risk:

- If you rent, notify your landlord of peeling or chipping paint.
- Keep painted surfaces clean and free of dust. Clean floors, window frames, window sills, and other surfaces weekly. Use a mop or sponge with warm water and a general all-purpose cleaner. (Remember: never mix ammonia and bleach products together because they can form a dangerous gas.)
- Carefully clean up paint chips immediately without creating dust.
- Thoroughly rinse sponges and mop heads often during cleaning of dirty or dusty areas, and again afterward.
- Wash your hands and your children's hands often, especially before they eat and before nap time and bed time.
- Keep play areas clean. Wash bottles, pacifiers, toys, and stuffed animals regularly.
- Keep children from chewing window sills or other painted surfaces, or eating soil.
- When renovating, repairing, or painting, hire only EPA- or stateapproved Lead-Safe Certified renovation firms (see page 12).
- Clean or remove shoes before entering your home to avoid tracking in lead from soil.
- Make sure children eat nutritious, low-fat meals high in iron, and calcium, such as spinach and dairy products. Children with good diets absorb less lead.

Reducing Lead Hazards

Disturbing lead-based paint or removing lead improperly can increase the hazard to your family by spreading even more lead dust around the house.

 In addition to day-to-day cleaning and good nutrition, you can temporarily reduce lead-based paint hazards by taking actions, such as repairing damaged painted surfaces and planting grass to cover leadcontaminated soil. These actions are not permanent solutions and will need ongoing attention.



- You can minimize exposure to lead when renovating, repairing, or painting by hiring an EPA- or statecertified renovator who is trained in the use of lead-safe work practices. If you are a do-it-yourselfer, learn how to use lead-safe work practices in your home.
- To remove lead hazards permanently, you should hire a certified lead abatement contractor. Abatement (or permanent hazard elimination) methods include removing, sealing, or enclosing lead-based paint with special materials. Just painting over the hazard with regular paint is not permanent control.

Always use a certified contractor who is trained to address lead hazards safely.

- Hire a Lead-Safe Certified firm (see page 12) to perform renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects that disturb painted surfaces.
- To correct lead hazards permanently, hire a certified lead abatement contractor. This will ensure your contractor knows how to work safely and has the proper equipment to clean up thoroughly.

Certified contractors will employ qualified workers and follow strict safety rules as set by their state or by the federal government.

Reducing Lead Hazards, continued

If your home has had lead abatement work done or if the housing is receiving federal assistance, once the work is completed, dust cleanup activities must be conducted until clearance testing indicates that lead dust levels are below the following levels:

- 10 micrograms per square foot $(\mu g/ft^2)$ for floors, including carpeted floors
- 100 µg/ft² for interior windows sills
- 400 μ g/ft² for window troughs

Abatements are designed to permanently eliminate lead-based paint hazards. However, lead dust can be reintroduced into an abated area.

- Use a HEPA vacuum on all furniture and other items returned to the area, to reduce the potential for reintroducing lead dust.
- Regularly clean floors, window sills, troughs, and other hard surfaces with a damp cloth or sponge and a general all-purpose cleaner.

Please see page 9 for more information on steps you can take to protect your home after the abatement. For help in locating certified lead abatement professionals in your area, call your state or local agency (see pages 15 and 16), epa.gov/lead, or call 1-800-424-LEAD.

Renovating, Repairing or Painting a Home with Lead-Based Paint

If you hire a contractor to conduct renovation, repair, or painting (RRP) projects in your pre-1978 home or childcare facility (such as pre-school and kindergarten), your contractor must:

- Be a Lead-Safe Certified firm approved by EPA or an EPA-authorized state program
- Use qualified trained individuals (Lead-Safe Certified renovators) who follow specific lead-safe work practices to prevent lead contamination
- Provide a copy of EPA's lead hazard information document, *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*



RRP contractors working in pre-1978 homes and childcare facilities must follow lead-safe work practices that:

- **Contain the work area.** The area must be contained so that dust and debris do not escape from the work area. Warning signs must be put up, and plastic or other impermeable material and tape must be used.
- Avoid renovation methods that generate large amounts of lead-contaminated dust. Some methods generate so much lead-contaminated dust that their use is prohibited. They are:
 - Open-flame burning or torching
 - Sanding, grinding, planing, needle gunning, or blasting with power tools and equipment not equipped with a shroud and HEPA vacuum attachment
 - Using a heat gun at temperatures greater than 1100°F
- **Clean up thoroughly.** The work area should be cleaned up daily. When all the work is done, the area must be cleaned up using special cleaning methods.
- **Dispose of waste properly.** Collect and seal waste in a heavy duty bag or sheeting. When transported, ensure that waste is contained to prevent release of dust and debris.

To learn more about EPA's requirements for RRP projects, visit epa.gov/getleadsafe, or read *The Lead-Safe Certified Guide to Renovate Right*.

Lead in Drinking Water

The most common sources of lead in drinking water are lead pipes, faucets, and fixtures.

Lead pipes are more likely to be found in older cities and homes built before 1986.

You can't smell or taste lead in drinking water.

To find out for certain if you have lead in drinking water, have your water tested.

Remember older homes with a private well can also have plumbing materials that contain lead.

Important Steps You Can Take to Reduce Lead in Drinking Water

- Use only cold water for drinking, cooking and making baby formula. Remember, boiling water does not remove lead from water.
- Before drinking, flush your home's pipes by running the tap, taking a shower, doing laundry, or doing a load of dishes.
- Regularly clean your faucet's screen (also known as an aerator).
- If you use a filter certified to remove lead, don't forget to read the directions to learn when to change the cartridge. Using a filter after it has expired can make it less effective at removing lead.

Contact your water company to determine if the pipe that connects your home to the water main (called a service line) is made from lead. Your area's water company can also provide information about the lead levels in your system's drinking water.

For more information about lead in drinking water, please contact EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791. If you have other questions about lead poisoning prevention, call 1-800 424-LEAD.*

Call your local health department or water company to find out about testing your water, or visit epa.gov/safewater for EPA's lead in drinking water information. Some states or utilities offer programs to pay for water testing for residents. Contact your state or local water company to learn more.

 ^{*} Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access this number through TTY
 by calling the Federal Relay Service at 1-800-877-8339.

Other Sources of Lead, continued

- Lead smelters or other industries that release lead into the air.
- Your job. If you work with lead, you could bring it home on your body or clothes. Shower and change clothes before coming home. Launder your work clothes separately from the rest of your family's clothes.
- **Hobbies** that use lead, such as making pottery or stained glass, or refinishing furniture. Call your local health department for information about hobbies that may use lead.
- Old toys and furniture may have been painted with lead-containing paint. Older toys and other children's products may have parts that contain lead.⁴
- Food and liquids cooked or stored in **lead crystal** or **lead-glazed pottery or porcelain** may contain lead.
- Folk remedies, such as "greta" and "azarcon," used to treat an upset stomach.

⁴ In 1978, the federal government banned toys, other children's products, and furniture with lead-containing paint. In 2008, the federal government banned lead in most children's products. The federal government currently bans lead in excess of 100 ppm by weight in most children's products.

The National Lead Information Center

Learn how to protect children from lead poisoning and get other information about lead hazards on the Web at epa.gov/safewater and hud.gov/lead, or call **1-800-424-LEAD (5323).**

EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline

For information about lead in drinking water, call **1-800-426-4791**, or visit epa.gov/lead for information about lead in drinking water.

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC) Hotline

For information on lead in toys and other consumer products, or to report an unsafe consumer product or a product-related injury, call **1-800-638-2772**, or visit CPSC's website at cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov.

State and Local Health and Environmental Agencies

Some states, tribes, and cities have their own rules related to leadbased paint. Check with your local agency to see which laws apply to you. Most agencies can also provide information on finding a lead abatement firm in your area, and on possible sources of financial aid for reducing lead hazards. Receive up-to-date address and phone information for your state or local contacts on the Web at epa.gov/safewater, or contact the National Lead Information Center at **1-800-424-LEAD.**

Hearing- or speech-challenged individuals may access any of the phone numbers in this brochure through TTY by calling the toll-free Federal Relay Service at **1-800-877-8339**.

U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Regional Offices

The mission of EPA is to protect human health and the environment. Your Regional EPA Office can provide further information regarding regulations and lead protection programs.

Region 1 (Connecticut, Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 1 5 Post Office Square, Suite 100, OES 05-4 Boston, MA 02109-3912 (888) 372-7341

Region 2 (New Jersey, New York, Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 2 2890 Woodbridge Avenue Building 205, Mail Stop 225 Edison, NJ 08837-3679 (732) 906-6809

Region 3 (Delaware, Maryland, Pennsylvania, Virginia, DC, West Virginia)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 3 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, PA 19103 (215) 814-2088

Region 4 (Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, North Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 4 AFC Tower, 12th Floor, Air, Pesticides & Toxics 61 Forsyth Street, SW Atlanta, GA 30303 (404) 562-8998

Region 5 (Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Minnesota, Ohio, Wisconsin)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 5 (LL-17J) 77 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, IL 60604-3666 (312) 353-3808 **Region 6** (Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas, and 66 Tribes)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue, 12th Floor Dallas, TX 75202-2733 (214) 665-2704

Region 7 (Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 7 11201 Renner Blvd. Lenexa, KS 66219 (800) 223-0425

Region 8 (Colorado, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 8 1595 Wynkoop St. Denver, CO 80202 (303) 312-6966

Region 9 (Arizona, California, Hawaii, Nevada)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 9 (CMD-4-2) 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 947-4280

Region 10 (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon, Washington)

Regional Lead Contact U.S. EPA Region 10 (20-C04) Air and Toxics Enforcement Section 1200 Sixth Avenue, Suite 155 Seattle, WA 98101 (206) 553-1200

Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)

The CPSC protects the public against unreasonable risk of injury from consumer products through education, safety standards activities, and enforcement. Contact CPSC for further information regarding consumer product safety and regulations.

CPSC 4330 East West Highway Bethesda, MD 20814-4421 1-800-638-2772 cpsc.gov or saferproducts.gov

U. S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

HUD's mission is to create strong, sustainable, inclusive communities and quality affordable homes for all. Office of Lead Hazard Control and Healthy Homes for further information regarding the Lead Safe Housing Rule, which protects families in pre-1978 assisted housing, and for the lead hazard control and research grant programs.

HUD

451 Seventh Street, SW, Room 8236 Washington, DC 20410-3000 (202) 402-7698 hud.gov/lead

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U. S. EPA Washington DC 20460 U. S. CPSC Bethesda MD 20814 U. S. HUD Washington DC 20410 EPA-747-K-12-001 March 2021

IMPORTANT!

Lead From Paint, Dust, and Soil in and Around Your Home Can Be Dangerous if Not Managed Properly

- Children under 6 years old are most at risk for lead poisoning in your home.
- Lead exposure can harm young children and babies even before they are born.
- Homes, schools, and child care facilities built before 1978 are likely to contain lead-based paint.
- Even children who seem healthy may have dangerous levels of lead in their bodies.
- Disturbing surfaces with lead-based paint or removing lead-based paint improperly can increase the danger to your family.
- People can get lead into their bodies by breathing or swallowing lead dust, or by eating soil or paint chips containing lead.
- People have many options for reducing lead hazards. Generally, lead-based paint that is in good condition is not a hazard (see page 10).